FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

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DIRECTORS' REPORT

The directors present their report on the company for the financial year ended 30 June 2020.

Information on Directors

The names of each person who has been a director during the year and to the date of this report are:

Name	Position	
Mr Assur Jako	President	Appointed 24 November 2019
Mr Charli Touma	Vice President	
Mr Morris Oraha	Secretary	Appointed 24 November 2019
Mr Youkhan Khamis	Director	Appointed 24 November 2019
Mr John Shemoon	Director	
Mr Younan Younan	Director	Appointed 24 November 2019
Mr Sam Toma	Director	Appointed 24 November 2019
Mr Isaac Isaac	Director	Appointed 24 November 2019
Mr Nuel Moshi	Director	Appointed 24 November 2019
Mr Esho Slewa	President	Resigned 24 November 2019
Mr Khamis Odisho	Treasurer	Resigned 24 November 2019
Mr John David	Vice President	Resigned 24 November 2019
Mr Gewargis George	Secretary	Resigned 24 November 2019
Mr Khames Saliba	Director	Resigned 24 November 2019
Mr George Marcus	Director	Resigned 24 November 2019

Directors have been in office since the start of the financial year to the date of this report unless otherwise stated.

Operating Results

The loss of the company after providing for income tax amounted to \$751 (2019: profit of \$147,009).

Significant Changes in the State of Affairs

There have been no significant changes in the state of affairs of the Company during the year.

Principal Activities

The principal activities of the company during the financial year were that of operating a community and sports club, licensed under provisions of the Registered Clubs Act 1976 as amended.

No significant change in the nature of the company's activity occurred during the financial year.

Events After the Reporting Date

No matters or circumstances have arisen since the end of the financial year which significantly affected or may significantly affect the operations of the company, the results of those operations, or the state of affairs of the company in future financial years.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

Environmental Issues

The company's operations are not regulated by any significant environmental regulations under a law of the Commonwealth or of a state or territory of Australia.

Short Term Objectives

The short-term objectives of the club are:

- To continue with modernising the club's facilities to meet the requirements of our members and patrons:
- To continue improving our food, beverage, entertainment and gaming offer.

Long Term Objectives

The long-term objectives of the club are:

- To continue to grow the club financially;
- To increase the size of the facility to enable the club to cater to a larger and more diverse section of the community:
- Attract the younger generation in the management of the club to assure its continuity and the ability to adapt to changes in legislative, socio-economic and demographic changes that can affect the club adversely.

Strategies Adopted

To achieve these objectives the club has adopted the following strategies during the current financial year:

- Investment in modernising the bistro, renovating the snooker and card playing areas and introducing a new outdoor smoking terrace;
- Focussing on the renewal of EGMs to provide the latest in gaming technology;
- Leasing of the function rooms;
- Greater focus and involvement in The Fairfield Eagles Football Club.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

Information on Directors

Name of Director	Qualifications	Name of Director	Qualifications
Assur Jako (President)	Company Director 15 years as President 2 years as Treasurer 3 years as Director	Younan Younan (Director)	Less than 2 year as Director
Charli Touma (Vice President)	Pharmacist Less than 2 years as Vice President 2 years as Director	Sam Toma (Director)	Motor Mechanic Less than 2 years as Director
Morris Oraha (Secretary)	Bachelor of Science Less than 2 years as Director	Isaac Isaac (Director)	Less than 2 year as Director
Youkhan Khamis (Director)	9 years as Vice President 8 years as Director	Nuel Moshi (Director)	Transport Company Director 3 years as Director
John Shemoon (Director)	2 years as Director		

Meetings of Directors

During the financial year, 22 meetings of directors were held. Attendances by each director were as follows:

Name of Director	Number eligible to attend	Number attended
Mr Assur Jako	22	16
Mr Charli Touma	22	15
Mr Morris Oraha	22	14
Mr Youkhan Khamis	22	16
Mr John Shemoon	22	20
Mr Younan Younan	22	13
Mr Sam Toma	22	11
Mr Isaac Isaac	22	14
Mr Nuel Moshi	22	14
Mr Esho Slewa	5	4
Mr Khamis Odisho	5	5
Mr John David	5	5
Mr Gewargis George	5	5
Mr Khames Saliba	5	5
Mr George Marcus	5	5

DIRECTORS' REPORT

Indemnification and Insurance of Officers and Auditors

No indemnities have been given or insurance premiums paid, during or since the end of the financial year, for any person who is or has been an officer or auditor of the company.

Auditor's Independence Declaration

The lead auditor's independence declaration in accordance with section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001, for the year ended 30 June 2020 has been received and can be found on the following page.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors:

Director:

Mr Assur Jako

Director: J Memo on

Mr John Shemoon

Dated this 4th day of December 2020



AUDITOR'S INDEPENDENCE DECLARATION UNDER SECTION 307C OF THE CORPORATIONS ACT 2001 TO THE DIRECTORS OF ASSYRIAN SPORTS AND CULTURAL CLUB LTD

We hereby declare, that to the best of our knowledge and belief, during the financial year ended 30 June 2020 there have been no:

- (i) contraventions of the auditor independence requirements as set out in the Corporations Act 2001 in relation to the audit; and
- (ii) contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

Name of Firm: Boyd Audit

Chartered Accountants

Name of Auditor:

Lionel Cowan - Registered Auditor 3392

Address: Suite 24, 4 Station Street Fairfield NSW 2165

Dated this 4th day of December 2020

STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

	Note	2020 \$	2019 \$
Income			
Revenue	3	1,750,395	2,337,069
Cost of sales		(82,860)	(134,509)
Gross profit		1,667,535	2,202,560
Other income	3	231,974	97,712
Employment costs		(534,775)	(554,447)
Finance costs		(31,315)	(42,477)
Occupancy expenses		(57,999)	(66,743)
Other expenses		(1,276,668)	(1,492,750)
		(1,248)	143,855
(Loss) profit before income tax	-	(1,248)	143,855
Income tax expense	5	497	3,154
(Loss) profit for the year	-	(751)	147,009
Total comprehensive income for the year		(751)	147,009

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 30 JUNE 2020

		2020	2019
	Note	\$	\$
ASSETS			
CURRENT ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	6	1,160,359	1,005,426
Trade and other receivables	7	57,187	38,662
Inventories	8	2,571	8,387
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	- -	1,220,117	1,052,475
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Property, plant and equipment	9	7,993,784	8,214,629
Intangible assets	10	840,000	840,000
TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS	_	8,833,784	9,054,629
TOTAL ASSETS	-	10,053,901	10,107,104
LIABILITIES			
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Trade and other payables	11	299,866	285,150
Provisions	12	126,045	144,043
Current tax liabilities	13	-	497
Borrowings	14	197,138	150,000
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	-	623,049	579,690
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Trade and other payables	11	148,814	94,625
Borrowings	14	1,375,000	1,525,000
TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES	<u>-</u>	1,523,814	1,619,625
TOTAL LIABILITIES	<u>-</u>	2,146,863	2,199,315
NET ASSETS (LIABILITIES)	-	7,907,038	7,907,789
EQUITY			
Reserves	15	2,915,321	2,915,321
Retained earnings	16	4,991,717	4,992,468
TOTAL EQUITY	=	7,907,038	7,907,789

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

			Asset	
	Retained earnings	Capital Profits Reserve	Revaluation Reserve	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Balance at 1 July 2018	4,845,459	53,200	2,862,121	7,760,780
Profit for the year	147,009	-	<u>-</u>	147,009
Balance at 30 June 2019	4,992,468	53,200	2,862,121	7,907,789
Loss for the year	(751)	-	-	(751)
Balance at 30 June 2020	4,991,717	53,200	2,862,121	7,907,038

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

		2020	2019
		\$	\$
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Cash receipts in the course of operations		1,920,847	2,400,599
Cash payments in the course of operations		(1,412,449)	(1,679,152)
Interest received		11,383	12,252
Income tax received		-	6,450
Interest paid		(31,315)	(42,477)
Net cash provided by operating activities	17	488,466	697,672
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from sale of plant and equipment		6,137	21,930
Payments for plant and equipment		(224,869)	(351,636)
Payments for property development		(11,939)	(33,353)
Net cash used in investing activities		(230,671)	(363,059)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Repayment of borrowings		(150,000)	(150,000)
Receipts from advances		47,138	-
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities		(102,862)	(150,000)
Net increase in cash held		154,933	184,613
Cash at beginning of financial year		1,005,426	820,813
Cash at end of financial year	6	1,106,359	1,005,426

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

The financial reports cover Assyrian Sports and Cultural Club Ltd as an individual entity. Assyrian Sports and Cultural Club Ltd is a for profit proprietary company incorporated and domiciled in Australia.

The financial report was authorised for issue by the Directors on the 4 December 2020 by the directors of the company.

1 Basis of Preparation

The financial statements are general purpose financial statements that have been prepared in accordance with the Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Act 2001.

The financial statements have been prepared on an accruals basis and are based on historical costs modified, where applicable, by the measurement at fair value of selected non-current assets, financial assets and financial liabilities.

The significant accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these financial statements are presented below and are consistent with prior reporting periods unless otherwise stated.

2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Income Tax

The principle of mutuality has been applied in calculating the taxable income of the company. Membership, subscriptions and other amount received from members are excluded from the assessable income of the company. The company is assessed for income tax purposes on income from non-members (including other investment income such as interest and rent). Operating expenses are apportioned between member and non-member income. Accordingly, taxable income is not directly related to the operating result and can vary substantially from year to year.

Inventories

Inventories are measured at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost of inventory is determined using the first-in-first-out basis and is net of any rebates and discounts received.

Net realisable value is estimated using the most reliable evidence available at the reporting date and inventory is written down through an obsolescence provision if necessary.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

Property, Plant and Equipment

Land and buildings

Freehold land and buildings are shown at their fair value (being the amount for which an asset could be exchange between knowledgeable willing parties in an arm's length transaction), based on periodic but at least triennial, valuations by external independent valuers, less accumulated depreciation for buildings.

In the periods when the freehold land and buildings are not subject to an independent valuation, the director conduct director's valuations to ensure the land and building's carrying amount is not materially different to the fair value.

Increases in the carrying amount arising on revaluation of land and buildings are credited to a revaluation reserve in equity. Decreases that offset previous increases of the same asset are recognised against fair value reserves directly in equity; all other decrease are recognised in profit or loss.

Plant and equipment

Plant and equipment are measured using the cost basis and are therefore carried at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses.

Depreciation

The depreciation amount of all property, plant and equipment, except for freehold land is depreciated on a straight-line method from the date that management determine that the asset is available for use. Leased assets and leasehold improvements are amortised over the shorter of either the unexpired period of the lease or their estimated useful life of the improvements.

Assets held under a finance lease and leasehold improvements are depreciated over the shorter of the term of the lease and the assets useful life.

Financial Instruments

Financial instruments are recognised initially using trade date accounting, i.e. on the date that company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

On initial recognition, all financial instruments are measured at fair value plus transaction costs (except for instruments measured at fair value through profit or loss where transaction costs are expensed as incurred).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. They arise principally through the provision of goods and services to customers but also incorporate other types of contractual monetary assets.

After initial recognition these are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. Any change in their value is recognised in profit or loss.

The company's trade and most other receivables fall into this category of financial instruments.

Significant receivables are considered for impairment on an individual asset basis when they are past due at the reporting date or when objective evidence is received that a specific counterparty will default.

The amount of the impairment is the difference between the net carrying amount and the present value of the future expected cash flows associated with the impaired receivable.

In some circumstances, the company renegotiates repayment terms with customers which may lead to changes in the timing of the payments, the company does not necessarily consider the balance to be impaired, however assessment is made on a case-by-case basis.

Available-for-sale financial assets

Available-for-sale financial assets are non-derivative financial assets that do not qualify for inclusion in any of the other categories of financial assets or which have been designated in this category. The company's available-for-sale financial assets comprise listed securities.

Available-for-sale financial assets are measured at fair value, with subsequent changes in value recognised in other comprehensive income.

Gains and losses arising from financial instruments classified as available-for-sale are only recognised in profit or loss when they are sold or when the investment is impaired.

In the case of impairment or sale, any gain or loss previously recognised in equity is transferred to the profit or loss.

Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited against other expenses in profit or loss.

A significant or prolonged decline in value of an available-for-sale asset below its cost is objective evidence of impairment, in this case, the cumulative loss that has been recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified from equity to profit or loss as a reclassification adjustment. Any subsequent increase in the value of the asset is taken directly to other comprehensive income.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

Impairment of Non-Financial Assets

At the end of each reporting period the company determines whether there is an evidence of an impairment indicator for non-financial assets.

Where this indicator exists the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated.

Where assets do not operate independently of other assets, the recoverable amount of the relevant cash-generating unit (CGU) is estimated.

The recoverable amount of an asset or CGU is the higher of the fair value less costs of disposal and the value in use. Value in use is the present value of the future cash flows expected to be derived from an asset or cash-generating unit.

Where the recoverable amount is less than the carrying amount, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss.

Reversal indicators are considered in subsequent periods for all assets which have suffered an impairment loss, except for goodwill.

Intangibles

Poker Machine Entitlements

Poker Machine Entitlements are shown at deemed cost being the fair value of the poker machine entitlements as determined by the directors with reference to active market sales data. No amortisation is charged as the entitlements currently do not have a finite life. If a revalued entitlement is deemed to have a finite life and is, therefore, being amortised, the revalued amount is amortised. Any increases in valuations are reflected in the Reserve Account and not in the Statement of Comprehensive Income. Any revaluation decrease adjustments are firstly offset against the Revaluations Reserve Account and any balance remaining is recognised in the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income.

Trademarks

Trademarks are recorded at cost. Trademarks have a finite life and are carried at cost less any accumulated amortisation and impairment losses. Trademarks have an estimated useful life of three years. It is assessed annually for impairment.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

Employee Benefits

Provision is made for the company's liability for employee benefits arising from services rendered by employees to the end of the reporting period. Employee benefits that are expected to be wholly settled within one year have been measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liability is settled.

Employee benefits expected to be settled more than one year after the end of the reporting period have been measured at the present value of the estimated future cash outflows to be made for those benefits. In determining the liability, consideration is given to employee wage increases and the probability that the employee may satisfy vesting requirements. Cash flows are discounted using market yields on high quality corporate bond rates incorporating bonds rated AAA or AA by credit agencies, with terms to maturity that match the expected timing of cash flows. Changes in the measurement of the liability are recognised in profit or loss.

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the company has a legal or constructive obligation, as a result of past events, for which it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will result and that outflow can be reliably measured.

Provisions are measured at the present value of management's best estimate of the outflow required to settle the obligation at the end of the reporting year. The discount rate used is a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability. The increase in the provision due to the unwinding of the discount is taken to finance costs in the statement of other comprehensive income.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprises cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments which are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Revenue and Other Income

Revenue is recognised when the amount of the revenue can be measured reliably, it is probable that economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the company and specific criteria relating to the type of revenue as noted below, has been satisfied.

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable and is presented net of returns, discounts and rebates.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

Sale of goods

Revenue is recognised on transfer of goods to the customer as this is deemed to be the point in time when risks and rewards are transferred and there is no longer any ownership or effective control over the goods.

Interest revenue

Interest revenue is recognised using the effective interest rate method.

Rendering of services

Revenue in relation to rendering of services is recognised depends on whether the outcome of the services can be measured reliably. If this is the case, then the stage of completion of the services is used to determine the appropriate level of revenue to be recognised in the period. If the outcome cannot be reliably measured, then revenue is recognised to the extent of expenses recognised that are recoverable.

Other income

Other income is recognised on an accruals basis when the company is entitled to it.

Comparative Amounts

Comparatives are consistent with prior years, unless otherwise stated.

Where a change in comparatives has also affected the opening retained earnings previously presented in a comparative period, an opening statement of financial position at the earliest date of the comparative period has been presented.

		2020 \$	2019 \$
3	Revenue and Other Income		
	Revenue		
	Gaming revenue	1,589,008	2,031,520
	Bar revenue	160,869	304,522
	Function revenue	273	728
	Other commissions	245	299
	_	1,750,395	2,337,069
	Other income:		
	Interest received	11,383	12,251
	Other revenue	220,591	85,461
		231,974	97,712
	Total revenue	1,982,369	2,434,781
	Interest revenue from:		
	Interest received	11,383	12,251
	Total interest revenue on financial assets not at fair value through profit or loss	11,383	12,251
	Other revenue from:	_	_
	Rental income	16,363	23,182
	Government rebate	17,180	17,180
	Membership subscriptions	6,928	11,697
	Government grants & subsidies	135,451	-
	Other income	38,532	11,472
	Profit on sale of fixed assets	6,137	21,930
	Total other revenue	220,591	85,461
4	Profit for the year		
	Profit before income tax from continuing operations includes the following specific expenses: Expenses		
	Cost of sales Employee benefits expense: contributions to defined contribution superannuation funds	82,860	134,509
	Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	36,112	43,350
	Audit fees	421,505	404,392
	Audit 1885	11,680	16,120

		2020 \$	2019 \$
5 I	ncome Tax Expense		
Т	he components of tax expense comprise:		
lı	ncome tax expense	-	498
C	Over provision from prior year	(497)	(3,652)
		[497]	(3,154)
6 0	Cash and Cash Equivalents		
F	Poker machine float	80,000	80,000
C	Cash at bank - working account	267,462	255,224
C	Cash at bank - keno account	9,319	3,431
C	Cash at bank - poker machine account	32,594	21,318
Д	ATM account	37,080	21,140
C	Cash at bank - trust account	1,383	1,563
C	Cash at bank - soccer account	14,889	10,502
li	nterest bearing deposits	717,632	612,248
		1,160,359	1,005,426
F	Reconciliation of cash		
C	Cash and Cash equivalents reported in the statement of ash flows are reconciled to the equivalent items in the tatement of financial position as follows:		
F	Poker machine float	80,000	80,000
C	Cash at bank	1,043,279	904,286
Δ	TM Float	37,080	21,140
		1,160,359	1,005,426
7 1	rade and Other Receivables		
Е	Electricity deposit	3,000	3,000
G	SST on acquisitions	6,435	28,912
F	Prepayments	3,300	6,300
Δ	accrued income	1,297	-
C	ther receivables	43,155	450
		57,187	38,662

		2020 \$	2019 \$
8	Inventories		
	Bar stock on hand – at cost	2,571	8,387
9	Property, Plant and Equipment		
	LAND AND BUILDINGS		
	Freehold land and building:		
	At valuation	4,110,600	4,110,600
		4,110,600	4,110,600
	Development costs:		_
	At cost	58,792	46,853
		58,792	46,853
	Property improvement:		
	At cost	4,156,323	4,156,323
	Less accumulated depreciation	[1,266,428]	(1,162,519)
		2,889,895	2,993,804
	Total Land and Buildings	7,059,287	7,151,257
	PLANT AND EQUIPMENT		
	Plant and Equipment:		
	At cost	2,497,358	2,435,027
	Accumulated depreciation	(1,562,861)	(1,371,655)
	Total Plant and Equipment	934,497	1,063,372
	Total Property, Plant and Equipment	7,993,784	8,214,629

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

<u> </u>	2020	2019
	 \$	\$

Movements in Carrying Amounts of Property, Plant and Equipment

10

11

Movement in the carrying amounts for each class of property, plant and equipment between the beginning and the end of the current financial year.

	Land & Building \$	Property Improvements \$	Plant and Equipment \$	Property Development \$	Total \$
Balance at 1 July 2018	4,110,600	3,104,379	1,018,316	13,500	8,246,795
Additions	-	-	351,636	33,353	384,989
Disposals	-	(6,437)	(6,327)	-	(12,764)
Depreciation expense	-	(104,138)	(300,253)	-	(404,391)
Balance at 30 June 2019	4,110,600	2,993,804	1,063,372	46,853	8,214,629
Additions	_	_	224,868	11,939	236,807
Disposals	-	-	(36,147)	-	(36,147)
Depreciation expense		(103,909)	(317,596)		(421,505)
Carrying amount at 30 June 2020	4,110,600	2,889,895	934,497	58,792	7,993,784
Intangible Assets					
Poker machine entitlements:					
At valuation			84	0,000	840,000
Trademarks:					
At cost				1,450	1,450
Less written off			(1	,450)	(1,450)
Total			84	0,000	840,000
Trade and Other Payables	5				
Current					
Trade creditors			2	3,216	104,037
Sundry creditors			13	1,308	45,347
GST payable			1	0,666	56,653
Aristocrat loan - current			13	4,676	79,113

285,150

299,866

		2020 \$	2019 \$
11	Trade and Other Payables (Continued)		
	Non-Current		
	Aristocrat loan	148,814	94,625
	All amounts are short term and the carrying values are capproximation of fair value.	onsidered to be a reasonal	ble
12	Provisions		
	Current		
	Provision for long service leave	83,415	75,151
	Provision for annual leave	42,630	68,892
	Total provisions	126,045	144,043
13	Тах		
	Liabilities		
	Current		
	Income tax payable		497
14	Borrowing		
	Current		
	Secured bank loans	197,138	150,000
	Non-Current		
	Secured bank loans	1,375,000	1,525,000

		2020 \$	2019 \$
15 F	Reserves		
F	Poker machine entitlement revaluation reserves	392,000	392,000
A	Asset revaluation reserve	2,470,121	2,470,121
C	Capital profits reserve	53,200	53,200
T	otal Reserves	2,915,321	2,915,321
16 F	Retained Earnings		
F	Retained earnings at the beginning of the financial year	4,992,468	4,845,459
١	Net profit attributable to members of the company	(751)	147,009
F	Retained earnings at the end of the financial year	4,991,717	4,992,468
17 (Cash Flow Information		
	Reconciliation of net income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
F	Profit after income tax	(751)	147,009
	Cash flows excluded from profit attributable to perating activities		
N	Ion-cash flows in profit		
	Depreciation	421,504	404,392
Г	Disposal of fixed assets	30,011	(9,166)
c	Changes in assets and liabilities		
	Decrease/(increase) in receivables	(18,525)	(3,688)
	Decrease/(increase) in prepayments	-	(6,300)
	Decrease/(increase) in inventories	5,816	5,544
I	ncrease/(decrease) in payables	68,905	156,756
I	ncrease/(decrease) in provisions	(17,997)	2,628
I	ncrease/(decrease) in tax liabilities	(497)	497
	_	488,466	697,673

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

2020	2019
\$	\$

18 Financial Risk Management

The company's financial instruments consist mainly of deposits with banks, short-term investments, and accounts receivable and payable.

The total for each category of financial instruments, measured in accordance with AASB 139 as detailed in the accounting policies to these financial statements are as follow:

Financial Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	1,160,359	1,005,426
Trade, term & loans receivables	57,187	38,662
Total Financial Assets	1,217,546	1,044,088
Financial Liabilities		
Trade & other payables	448,680	379,774
Bills payable	1,572,138	1,675,000
Total Financial Liabilities	2,020,818	2,054,774

Financial Risk Management Policies

The director's overall risk management strategy seeks to assist the company in meeting its financial targets, whilst minimising potential adverse effects on financial performance.

Risk management policies are approved and reviewed by the Board of Directors on a regular basis. These included the credit risk policies and future cash flow requirements.

The main purpose of non-derivative financial instruments is to raise finance for company operations.

The company does not have any derivative instruments at 30 June 2020.

Credit risk

Exposure to credit risk relating to financial assets arises from the potential non-performance by counterparties of contract obligations that could lead to a financial loss for the company.

The company does not have any material credit risk exposure as its major source of revenue is poker machine takings which are received on a cash basis.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk arises from the possibility that the company might encounter difficulty in settling its debts or otherwise meeting obligations in relation to financial liabilities. The company manages this risk through the following mechanisms:

- Preparing forward looking cash flow analysis in relation to its operational, investing and financing activities;
- Maintaining a reputable credit profile;
- Only investing surplus cash with major financial institutions.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

2020	2019
\$	\$

19 Related Party Transactions

Related parties include close family members of key management personnel and entities that are controlled or jointly controlled by those key management personnel individually or collectively with their close family members.

Remuneration paid to related persons of directors:

		67,051	102,803
-	Superannuation	1,235	8,919
-	Salaries and wages	65,816	93,884

Remuneration to related parties are on normal commercial terms and conditions no more favourable than those available to other persons unless otherwise stated.

20 Statutory Information

The registered office of the company is:

Assyrian Sports and Cultural Club Ltd 52-54 Stanbrook Street Fairfield Heights NSW 2165

DIRECTORS' DECLARATION

The directors of the company declare that:

- 1. The financial statements and notes, as set out in this report, for the year ended 30 June 2020 are in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001 and:
 - (a) comply with Accounting Standards as stated in Note 1; and
 - (b) give a true and fair view of the company's financial position as at 30 June 2020 and its performance for the year ended on that date in accordance with the accounting policies describe in Note 1 to the financial statements.
- 2. In the directors' opinion, there are reasonable grounds to believe that the company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors.

Director:

Mr Assur Jako

Director:

Mr John Shemoon

Dated this 4th day of December 2020



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF ASSYRIAN SPORTS AND CULTURAL CLUB LTD A.B.N. 18 001 063 716

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial report of Assyrian Sports and Cultural Club Ltd which comprises the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2020, and the statement of profit and loss and other comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and the directors' declaration by those charged with governance.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial report presents fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as at 30 June 2020, and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report section of our report. We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Information Other than the Financial Report and Auditor's Report Thereon

Those charged with governance are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Company's annual report for the year ended 30 June 2020, but does not include the financial report and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and accordingly we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Report

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial report in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF ASSYRIAN SPORTS AND CULTURAL CLUB LTD A.B.N. 18 001 063 716

In preparing the financial report, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial report.

Name of Firm: Boyd Audit

Chartered Accountants

Name of Auditor:

Lionel Cowan - Registered Auditor 3392

Address: Suite 24, 4 Station Street Fairfield NSW 2165

Dated this 4th day of December 2020

PROFIT AND LOSS STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

	2020 \$	2019 \$
SALES		
Bar sales	160,869	304,522
Function income - parties	273	728
Poker machine takings	1,550,044	1,973,820
Snack food income	181	250
Tobacco income	64	49
Income from Keno	38,964	57,700
	1,750,395	2,337,069
LESS: COST OF GOODS SOLD		<u> </u>
Opening stock	8,386	13,930
Purchases	, 77,045	128,965
Closing stock	(2,571)	(8,386)
	82,860	134,509
GROSS PROFIT FROM TRADING	1,667,535	2,202,560
OTHER INCOME		
Interest received	11,383	12,251
Rental income	16,363	23,182
Government rebate	17,180	17,180
Membership subscriptions	6,928	11,697
Government grants & subsidies	135,451	11,077
Sports income	11,673	6,473
Rebates and commissions	4,805	4,999
Other income	22,054	4,777
Profit on sale of fixed assets	6,137	21,930
Tront on sale of fixed assets	231,974	97,712
	1,899,509	2,300,272
EXPENSES	1,077,307	2,300,272
Accounting & auditing fees	18,492	18,725
Advertising & promotion	2,058	1,911
Bank charges	23,902	35,106
Cleaning	58,963	85,483
Club NPL poker expenses	35,860	28,473
Committee expenses	1,521	4,432
Depreciation	421,505	404,392
Donations & gifts	421,503 15,504	31,319
Duty tax on poker machines	218,164	322,526
Duty tax on poker machines	∠10,104	322,326

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements.

PROFIT AND LOSS STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

	2020 \$	2019 \$
EXPENSES		
Electricity	57,999	66,743
Entertainment	16,005	35,761
Filing fees	80	817
Gifts & promotions	67,579	98,314
Insurance	65,417	57,983
Interest	31,315	42,477
Legal costs	4,022	500
LSL & annual leave provision	20,197	4,564
Gaming expenses	75,481	93,300
Postage	689	83
Printing & stationery	3,904	3,489
Rates & taxes	22,707	40,631
Repairs & maintenance	28,364	47,898
Security costs	71,305	87,844
Sale of fixed assets	36,147	12,764
Sport expenses	25,633	17,290
Staff training & welfare	1,462	3,639
Subscriptions	9,392	18,449
Superannuation	36,112	43,350
Sundry expenses	11,899	16,436
Telephone	11,175	9,705
Travelling expenses	-	267
Uniforms	1,080	1,329
Wages	498,663	511,097
Waste disposal	8,161	9,320
	1,900,757	2,156,417
(Loss) profit before income tax	(1,248)	143,855